The American Physical Society After One Century

George Trilling

March 15, 2003

- 1. The many roles of the APS in the 21st century
- 2. The many roles of Andy Sessler in the APS

The APS at a Glance

Objective:the advancement and diffusion of the knowledge of physics

Membership: ~ 42000 members

Units: 14 Divisions (major specialties)

6 Forums (cross-disciplinary groupings) 7 Topical Groups (focused on one area)

8 Sections (geographical grouping)

Who really runs APS:

Judy Franz (Executive Officer)
Marty Blume (Editor-in-Chief)
Tom McIlrath (Treasurer)
with the support of a dedicated staff and
inputs from an active group of elected
officers (presidential line) as well as
numerous volunteers (APS committees)



Forum on Graduate Student Affairs

AMERICAN PHYSICAL SOCIETY - MEMBER UNITS

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FGSA

The APS Forum on Graduate Student Affairs encourages a free exchange of ideas among graduate students and the greater scientific community by providing opportunities for meetings, electronic discussion, and access to a permanent archive of member ideas and programs.



FGSA Election 2002 Results



DAP Student Travel Grant Opportunities for April 2003 meeting



Job Openings at Science's Next Wave



PhD Student Opportunities at the University of Hawaii

International Research Opportunities for Students and Faculty

Landing Your First Job: A Guide for Physics Students

A message to all FGSA and first year Junior APS
members



New Grad Student Executive Committee Meets

The new Forum in Graduate Student Affairs held its first Executive Committee meeting at APS headquarters in July 2001. Committee members are: Jennifer West, Louise Parsons, Chad Topaz, Joshua Patin, Susan Niebur, Hsuan-Yeh Chang, Greg Recine and Xin Chen. (Alicia Chang/APS)

Some of the APS Roles

Publication and dissemination of physics journals

Organization of scientific meetings

Involvement in public affairs relevant to physicists

Initiation of scientific studies relevant to public issues

Education and outreach

Participation in international affairs

Recognizing important contributions with numerous prizes and awards

Research Publications 1 (Accomplishments)

Publication Oversight Committee Comment

The electronic revolution means that we are traveling into uncharted waters, and we struggle with how best to steer the APS Publishing Ship. Thanks to superior foresight and management, the APS journals are doing fantastically well, but we always want to improve and do things better.

Recent Progress

- -- PROLA completed all the way back to beginning in 1893
- -- PROLA mirror at Cornell
- -- Color images on PRL covers
- -- Continuing success of PR Focus
- -- Now five Virtual Journals (with AIP)
- -- Progress toward fully electronic office



Selections from *Physical Review* and *Physical Review Letters* explained for students and researchers in all fields of physics.



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Physics News Undate

American Institute of Physics news items that describe

research from APS journals:

PRL (14 January 2002)
Slowing and Storing Light in a

PRL (14 January 2002)

Nuclei Go Through Phases

PRL (14 January 2002)

PRC (December 2001)

More from the PNU Index.

A Sonic Crystal

Black Holes from Heaven

11 January 2002

High energy cosmic rays might produce tiny black holes that could be detected in the next several years.

PRL (14 January 2002)



Polymer Pearl Necklaces

9 January 2002

Microscopic polymer beads can link up into chains and networks that might be used in many technologies.

PRL (7 January 2002)



Focus Quick Search

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Advanced Search

Click on to see the research paper described in the story.

Making Waves in Crack Theory

3 January 2002

Cracks in stretched rubber mysteriously oscillate as they travel. Solving the mystery may help illuminate the puzzling laws of crack motion.



PRL (7 January 2002)

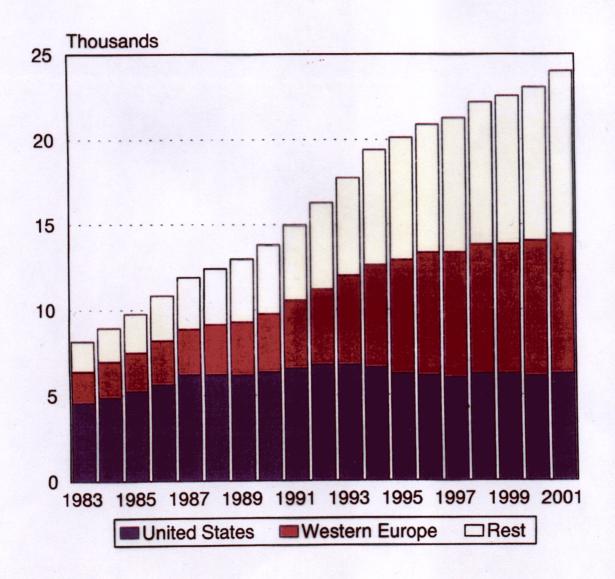




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APS Journals: [PROLA] [PRA] [PRB] [PRC] [PRD] [PRE] [PRST-AB] [PRL] [RMP] [VJ]

Physical Review and Physical Review Letters Submissions 1983 - 2001



1/15/02

FalizAN2

Research Publications 2 (Challenges)

Per-subscriber costs increase faster than inflation

- -- Worldwide submissions increase by a few % each year
- -- Each year, non-member subscriptions go down ~3%
- -- General inflation

Maintaining financial viability

-- Develop creative charging models to keep publishing enterprise afloat on terms acceptable to clients

Moving to fully electronic office while pursuing ongoing obligations

Planning for the future

- -- Future of print journals
- -- Archiving
- -- Peer review process
- -- New technologies
- -- APS Task Force on Electronic Information Systems (Loken II)

Physics-Related Public Affairs Issues

- --Public policy issues that require physics-related input: Energy, Environment, Missile Defense, Anti-terrorism, Visa policy etc.
- -- Unbalance in federal science budget and apparent low priority for physical science support
- -- Recognition of importance of DOE/Office of Science programs and facilities, including National Laboratories
- -- Increased funding for improvement of K/12 science education
- -- Concerns about application of Government Performance and Results Act (GPRA) and performance-based budgeting to basic research: high-risk research must survive
- -- Physicist role in helping combat terrorism
- -- Ethics and Professional Conduct

AMERICAN PHYSICAL SOCIETY

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Current APS Statements - By Subject

Ethics & Values



02.4 Statement on Improving Education for Professional Ethics, Standards and Practices



02.3 Statement on Policies for Handling Allegations of Research Misconduct



02.2 Guidelines for Professional Conduct

- 99.6 Statement on 'What is Science?'
- 94.3 Statement of Policy on Equal Professional Opportunity
- 91.8 Guidelines for Professional Conduct
- 88.1 Statement on Displays in the Workplace of Graphic Material Depicting Demeaning Images of Women

Education



- 02.4 Statement on Improving Education for Professional Ethics, Standards and Practices
- 01.2 Assessment and Science
- 00.5 Statement on K-12 Education
- 99.6 Statement on 'What is Science?'
- 99.5 Statement on the Kansas State Board of Education Decision
- 99.2 Research in Physics Education
- 99.1 <u>AIP-Member Society Statement on the</u> Education of Future Teachers
- 94.2 APS Council Statement on Current
 Employment Opportunities for Physicists
- 83.3 General Statement of Principle on Educational Program in Science and Mathematics
- 81.1 Statement on Creationism

APS/AIP Internal Policy

Report to The American Physical Society of the study group on science and technology of directed energy weapons [1987]

APS Study Group Participants

N. Bloembergen, Co-chair Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138

C. K. N. Patel, Co-chair AT&T Bell Laboratories, Murray Hill, New Jersey 07974

P. Avizonis

Air Force Weapons Laboratory, Kirtland Air Force Base, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87117

R. G. Clem Sandia National Laboratory, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87185

A. Hertzberg *University of Washington, Seattle, Washington 98195*

T. H. Johnson U.S. Military Academy, West Point, New York 10996

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Lexington, Massachusetts 02139

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A. Yariv California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, California 91 125

R. N. Zare Stanford University, Stanford, California 94305

A. J. Glass (*Principal Consultant*) KMS Fusion, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106

L. C. Hebel, Executive Officer Xerox PARC, Palo Alto, California 94304

Science and Technology of Directed Energy Weapons.

This was the first major independent study of the feasibility of lasers or particle beams as a defense against ballistic missiles. The Study Group concluded that at least ten years of research would be required to provide the technical information required to make an informed decision about the effectiveness and survivability of such weapons. The study has had a major impact on strategic defense policy. Financial support was received from Carnegie Corporation of New York and the MacArthur Foundation. The study received full cooperation from the Strategic Defense Initiative Organization and from the Office of Science and Technology Policy.

APS Study of Boost-Phase Systems for Missile Defense

Charge to the Study Group

The American Physical Society directs the Study Group to prepare a report on the science and technology of boost-phase systems for the National Missile Defense, based on fundamental principles of science and engineering and on unclassified information. The Society will review and after acceptance make it available to all interested parties and the general public.

Membership of the Study Group

David K. Barton - Hanover, NH

Roger Falcone – U. C. Berkeley

Daniel Kleppner – MIT, Co-Chair

Frederick K. Lamb – U. Illinois, Urbana, Co-Chair

Ming K. Lau – Sandia

Harvey L. Lynch – SLAC

David Moncton - MIT

David Montague – LDM Associates

David E. Mosher - RAND

Lee Murrer – CARCO-West

William Priedhorsky – LANL

Maury Tigner – Cornell

David R. Vaughan – RAND

Comment

This Study deals only with scientific/technical issues. The APS has been careful to avoid making policy statements on missile defense to avoid undermining the credibility of the Study.

Physics Teacher Education Coalition (PhysTEC)

Partnership of APS, AIP, and AAPT

Goal: Improve science preparation of future K-12 teachers

Six universities selected

Main Elements

- -- Master Teacher-in Residence (TIR) program
- -- Collaboration between physics and education departments and local school community
- -- Redesign of content and pedagogy for both Physics and Science Methods courses based on physics education research and new technologies
- -- Training of TIRs and Master Teachers to mentor novice science teachers
- -- Rigorous process to evaluate and disseminate the results

NSF Grant \$5.76M over 5 years, FIPSE Grant \$0.498M APS is now in a fund-raising campaign to add year by year another ten universities.

Some APS International Efforts

- Interactions with physicists in other countries
 - Inter-American Workshop on the Use of Synchrotron Radiation for Research and Symposium on Nanosecond Technologies, Campinas, Brazil (Feb. 2001)
 - Joint meeting of DNP and nuclear physicists from JPS Maui (Oct. 2001)
 - International Conference on Medical Physics, Habana, Cuba, (April 2002)
 - -- VIII International Conference on Physics Education, Habana, Cuba (July 2003)
- U.S. visa issues & APS Off. of International Affairs
 - Assistance with visa delays and denials for Conferences
 - -- Visa issues for long-term research visitors
- International participation in APS governance
 - -- International Councillor T. Maurice Rice
 - -- Official visitors from Mexico/Canada at Council
- 70% of APS journal submissions from abroad

International Interests

Andy was very interested in outreach to Latin America and pushed this hard with CISA. It was something that we all wanted to do, but Andy really helped move things along. There was a meeting (1998) in Mexico where we met with the physical societies of many of the Latin American countries and Canada and Spain. At this meeting Andy played a major role and we came up with a number of specific program items: a statement on the importance of physics that was later (1999) adopted by IUPAP, a plan for exchanges of physicists, and the decision to translate "String and Sticky Tape Experiments" into Spanish and make it available to Latin American teachers. This was the beginning of the Ibo-American Physics Working Group. (Judy Franz)

Meeting in Cuernavaca (Nov. 2-4, 1998)

Working Group In Telecommunications

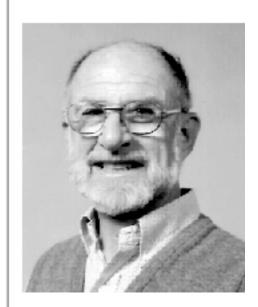
Working Group on Educational Exchanges

Working Group on Research Exchanges



AMERICAN PHYSICAL SOCIETY

1997 Robert R.
Wilson Prize to
Andrew M. Sessler
Lawrence Berkeley
National Laboratory



Citation:

"For a broad range of theoretical and conceptual advances in particle beam dynamics, leading to important accelerator performance improvements; for contributions in the areas of synchrotron rings, including negative mass instability and resistive wall instability, and free electron lasers; for the two-beam accelerator concept; for helping shape the very language of beam physics; and for inspiring and guiding several generations of accelerator scientists and serving as a statesman of science."



Nicholson Medal for Humanitarian Service

Purpose:

To recognize the humanitarian aspect of physics and physicists.



Previous Winners

2002	Ramon Lopez
2001	D. Allan Bromley
2000	Marshall N. Rosenbluth
1999	Fay Ajzenberg-Selove and Mildred Dresselhaus
1998	Vitaly Lazarevich Ginzburg
1997	Henry W. Kendall
1996	Li-Zhii Fang
1995	Yuri Orlov
1994	Andrew M. Sessler

Pre-Presidential Leadership

Chair, Panel on Public Affairs (POPA)

POPA advises in formulation of APS positions on public policy issues that have a technical dimension of interest to physicists. It also investigates the desirability of of APS-sponsored expert studies in physics related topics of importance to society, and helps organize such studies.

Chair, Committee on International Freedom of Scientists (CIFS)

CIFS monitors concerns regarding human rights for scientists throughout the world, and may recommend courses of action to help alleviate such problems.

Chair, Committee on Applications of Physics (CAP)
CAP was subsequently replaced by the Forum on
Industrial Applications of Physics (FIAP).

Chair, Division of Physics of Beams (DPB)

Helped establish FIAP, CIFS, and Physics Planning Committee (PPC)

Played a major role in support of the Campaign for Physics

During his Presidential term (1998), Andy....

Played a major role in planning and preparing for the Centennial due for March 1999. "He kept the troops stirred up.." The Centennial was a great success.

Suggested and implemented the idea of having APS Fellows receptions. These have continued to the present day, and we had one in the Berkeley Faculty Club on February 13.

Was very supportive of the idea of increasing the number of APS geographical sections. He supplied much of the drive that resulted in three new sections: Four Corners, Northwest, and California. There are now 8 sections.

Saw the initiation of Physical Review Focus.

Supported several international initiatives.

DRAFT REPORT

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL

Expanding Contacts among South Asian and US Physicists: Exploratory meetings at ICTP, December 8-12, 1998

Preamble:

As a result of Indian and Pakistani nuclear tests conducted in May, 1998, APS President Andy Sessler and President-Elect Jerry Friedman, consulted with International Affairs, POPA and CISA to determine what initiatives the Society might undertake. A consensus developed to contact the physics communities in South Asia in a long-term effort to promote communication among physicists with a view to enhancing the role of scientists in building confidence among the regional scientific communities and developing extensive consultations on security, safeguards and arms control. It was decided at the outset to avoid political discussions and moral judgments. This was complicated by the automatic—and in some cases, misplaced—implementation of the Glenn Amendment which mandated sanctions and curtailed the issuance of visas to scientists from institutes presumed to be involved with nuclear weapons development.

By June, the decision was made to undertake a mission to consult with officers of the Indian and Pakistani physical societies and other senior colleagues. Andy and Jerry sent letters to a number of colleagues in both India and Pakistan announcing our interest in arranging informal meetings with a view to 1) improving contacts between our communities and 2) discussing the implications of the recent nuclear tests. The intent was to exchange information and ideas and determine what steps we might take to achieve our objectives. The response to the Presidential letters was positive from India but there was protracted delay in receiving replies from Pakistan--presumably because of the Summer recess.

DETECTION OF ANTI-PERSONNEL LAND MINES FOR HUMANITARIAN DE-MINING: EVALUATION OF TECHNOLOGIES

A PROPOSAL FOR A STUDY

October 28, 2002

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I apologize for this letter being so long, but I had no time to make it shorter. Blaise Pascal

Submitted to

The American Physical Society Executive Board

and to

The American Physical Society Council

Concluding Reflections Relevant to APS Role

Physics research continues to yield exciting surprises: accelerating expansion of the universe, neutrino mass and oscillations, dark matter, new superconducting materials etc. It underlies many of the technological developments that will be crucial to the health of our economy, our security, and the pursuit of other scientific enterprises.

Balance in the funding of research needs to be restored through increased support of physical science, especially through the DOE/OS programs.

The further development of electronic publishing, and the corresponding need for creative financial arrangements will present continuing challenges.

As physics tools become more costly and complex, international collaboration in the construction and operation of large facilities will be increasingly important.

The improvement of science education at all levels needs to be a continuing priority.

The scientific community must ensure that there is sound technical and scientific input into public policy decisions.

The American Physical Society must continue playing an important role in promoting all of these directions.